

Abstrak
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Hubungan Penerapan *Palliative Care* dengan Adaptasi Psikososial pada Pasien *Ca Mammae* yang Menjalani Kemoterapi di Rumah Sakit Tingkat III Baladhika Husada Jember

xv + 105 halaman + 14 tabel + 1 skema + 15 lampiran

ABSTRAK

Ca Mammae adalah tumor ganas yang berasal dari payudara. Salah satu pengobatannya yaitu kemoterapi. Kemoterapi memiliki efek pada perubahan fisik yang berdampak pada adaptasi psikososial. *Palliative Care* adalah perawatan penyakit kronis terminal untuk meningkatkan kualitas hidup pasien. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis hubungan penerapan *palliative care* dengan adaptasi psikososial pada pasien *ca mammae* yang menjalani kemoterapi di Rumah Sakit Tingkat III Baladhika Husada Jember. Metode menggunakan desain korelasi dengan pendekatan *cross sectional* Teknik Sampling yang digunakan kuota sampling dengan 39 responden. Penelitian menunjukkan sebanyak 35 reponden (89,7%) menyatakan sangat baik dan sebanyak 38 (97,4%) responden dengan respon adaptasi psikososial adaptif. Uji korelasi *Spearman rho* menunjukkan adanya hubungan penerapan *palliative care* dengan adaptasi psikososial pada pasien *ca mammae* yang menjalani kemoterapi dengan kekuatan korelasi sedang (r hitung= + 0,480; P value= 0,002; $\alpha=0,05$). Penelitian ini diharapkan dapat meningkatkan pelayanan *palliative care* di bidang spiritual dan keagamaan.

Kata kunci: *Palliative Care*, Adaptasi Psikososial, Kemoterapi
Daftar Pustaka: 26 (2004-2017)

Abstract

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The Correlation of Palliative Care Implementation with Psychosocial Adaptation at Ca Mammae Patients with Chemotherapy in 3rd Level Baladhika Husada Hospital Jember

xv + 105 pages + 14 tables + 1 scheme + 15 attachments

ABSTRACT

Ca Mammae is malignant tumor which comes from breast. One of the treatment is chemotherapy. Chemotherapy has some effects to physical changes which can affect psychosocial adaptation. Palliative care is chronic terminal disease treatment for increasing the quality of life. This research aimed to analyze the correlation of palliative care implementation with psychosocial adaptation at Ca mammae patients with chemotherapy in 3rd Level Baladhika Husada Hospital Jember. The method used correlation design with cross sectional approach. Sampling method that has been used was quote sampling with 39 respondents. Researched showed there were 35 respondents (89,7%) said that the implementation of palliative care was very good and there were 38 respondents (97,4%) said that psychosocial adaptation response was adaptive. The correlation Spearman rho test showed there is relationship between palliative care implementation with psychosocial adaptation at Ca mammae patients with chemotherapy and the strength of correlation is moderate ($r = + 0,480$; $P \text{ value} = 0,002$; $\alpha = 0,05$). This research suggested can increase palliative care service on spiritual and religious field.

Keywords: Palliative Care, Psychosocial Adaptation, Chemotherapy.

Bibliographi: 26 (2004-2017)