

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Akarsu, B., Canbay Özdemir, D., Ayhan Baser, D., Aksoy, H., Fidancı, İ., & Cankurtaran, M. (2021). While studies on COVID-19 vaccine is ongoing, the public's thoughts and attitudes to the future COVID-19 vaccine. *International Journal of Clinical Practice*, 75(4), 1–10. <https://doi.org/10.1111/ijcp.13891>
- Anjani, A. D. (2016). Efektifitas Pemberian Pendidikan Kesehatan Terhadap Kecemasan Pada Ibu Primipara Dalam Melakukan Perawatan Bayi Baru Lahir Usia 0 - 7 Hari. *Jurnal Kebidanan*, 2(3), 107–110
- Annisa, D. F., & Ifdil, I. (2016). Konsep Kecemasan (Anxiety) pada Lanjut Usia (Lansia). *Konselor*, 5(2), 93.
- Arumsari, W., Desty, R. T., & Kusumo, W. E. G. (2021). Gambaran Penerimaan Vaksin COVID-19 di Kota Semarang. *Indonesian Journal of Health Community*, 2(1), 35. <https://doi.org/10.31331/ijheco.v2i1.1682>
- Astuti, N. P., Nugroho, E. G. Z., Lattu, J. C., Potempu, I. R., & Swandana, D. A. (2021). Persepsi Masyarakat terhadap Penerimaan Vaksinasi Covid-19: Literature Review. *Jurnal Keperawatan*, 13(3), 569–580.
- Chou, W. Y. S., & Budenz, A. (2020). Considering Emotion in COVID-19 Vaccine Communication: Addressing Vaccine Hesitancy and Fostering Vaccine Confidence. *Health Communication*, 35(14), 1718–1722. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10410236.2020.1838096>
- Cordero, D. A. (2021). Rebuilding public trust: a clarified response to COVID-19 vaccine hesitancy predicament. *Journal of Public Health (Oxford, England)*, 43(2), e303–e304. <https://doi.org/10.1093/pubmed/fdab020>
- Corey, L., Corey, B. L., Mascola, J. R., Fauci, A. S., & Collins, F. S. (2020). *A strategic approach to COVID-19 vaccine R & D*. 5312(May).
- Faasse, K., & Newby, J. (2020). Public Perceptions of COVID-19 in Australia: Perceived Risk, Knowledge, Health-Protective Behaviors, and Vaccine Intentions. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 11(September), 1–11. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2020.551004>
- Febriyanti, N. (2021). Hubungan Tingkat Pengetahuan dan Ketersediaan Vaksinasi Covid-19 Pada Warga Kelurahan Dukuh Menanggal Kota Surabaya. *Seminar Nasional Hasil Riset Dan Pengabdian*, 3, 1–7.
- Guidry, J. P. D., Laestadius, L. I., Vraga, E. K., Miller, C. A., Perrin, P. B., Burton, C. W., Ryan, M., Fuemmeler, B. F., & Carlyle, K. E. (2021). Willingness to get the COVID-19 vaccine with and without emergency use authorization. *American Journal of Infection Control*, 49(2), 137–142. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajic.2020.11.018>
- Ii, B. A. B., & Pustaka, T. (2017). 2.1.2 Etiologi Kecemasan. 7–28.

- Kementerian Kesehatan RI. (2020). *Buku Saku Tanya Jawab Seputar Vaksinasi Covid-19*.
- Kesehatan, K. (2020). Pedoman Pencegahan dan Pengendalian Corona Virus deases (Covid-19). *Kementrian Kesehatan*, 5, 178. https://covid19.go.id/storage/app/media/Protokol/REV-05_Pedoman_P2_COVID-19_13_Juli_2020.pdf
- Kusumawardhani. (2016). *Telaah Pustaka Kecemasan Poltekkes Kemenkes Yogyakarta*.
- Loomba, S., de Figueiredo, A., Piatek, S. J., de Graaf, K., & Larson, H. J. (2021). Measuring the impact of COVID-19 vaccine misinformation on vaccination intent in the UK and USA. *Nature Human Behaviour*, 5(3), 337–348. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41562-021-01056-1>
- Mercadante, A. R., & Law, A. V. (2021). Will they, or Won't they? Examining patients' vaccine intention for flu and COVID-19 using the Health Belief Model. *Research in Social and Administrative Pharmacy*, 17(9), 1596–1605. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sapharm.2020.12.012>
- Mrl, A., Kes, M., Jaya, I. M. M., Kes, M., Mahendra, N. D., & Kep, S. (2019). *BUKU AJAR PROMOSI KESEHATAN Penulis :*
- Notoatmodjo, S. (2012). *Metodologi Penelitian Kesehatan*. Rineka Cipta.
- Nurmala, I., Rahman, F., Nugroho, A., Erlyani, N., Laily, N., Anhar, Y., & Vina. (2018). *Promosi Kesehatan*.
- Paul, E., Steptoe, A., & Fancourt, D. (2021). Attitudes towards vaccines and intention to vaccinate against COVID-19: Implications for public health communications. *The Lancet Regional Health - Europe*, 1. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lanepe.2020.100012>
- Prabowo, H. A. (2017). Hubungan Antara Religiusitas Islam dengan Tingkat Kecemasan pada Usia Remaja di SMA Negeri 3 Kota Magelang. *Repository.Unimus.Ac.Id*, 9–30.
- Rahmayanti, Y. N., Prorini, C. A., Anonyma, P., Arifa, I., & Kunci, K. (2022). Efektifitas Pemberian Health Education Tentang Pencegahan Covid 19 Dan 5M Dalam Menurunkan Tingkat Kecemasan Jurnal Ilmiah Rekam Medis dan Informatika Kesehatan Jurnal Ilmiah Rekam Medis dan Informatika Kesehatan. 12(1), 54–59.
- Rizqiani, A. (2016). *Pengaruh Pendidikan Kesehatan First Aid Box terhadap Tingkat Pengetahuan Orang Tua dalam Penanganan Cedera Anak Toodler di Rumah*. 1–14.
- Rona, H., Ernawati, D., & Dwi Anggoro, S. (2021). Analisa Faktor Yang Berhubungan Dengan Tingkat Kecemasan Pada Lansia Di Panti Werdha Hargodedali Surabaya. *Hospital Majapahit*, 13(1), 35–45.

- Sallam, M., Dababseh, D., Yaseen, A., Al-Haidar, A., Ababneh, N. A., Bakri, F. G., & Mahafzah, A. (2020). Conspiracy beliefs are associated with lower knowledge and higher anxiety levels regarding covid-19 among students at the university of Jordan. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 17(14), 1–15. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph17144915>
- Stuart, G. W and Sudden, S. J. (2007). *Buku Saku Keperawatan Jiwa Edisi 3 Cetakan I. Alih Bahasa: Achir Yani. S. Hamid.* EGC.
- Sugiyono. (2015). Metode Penelitian. *Metode Penelitian*.
- Surbakti, A., Pardosi, M., & Sianturi, E. (2019). *Kesehatan Masyarakat (Zifatama J)*.
- Susilo. (2012). *Pengertian Penkes.* 9–34.
- Wong, L. P., Alias, H., Wong, P. F., Lee, H. Y., & AbuBakar, S. (2020). The use of the health belief model to assess predictors of intent to receive the COVID-19 vaccine and willingness to pay. *Human Vaccines and Immunotherapeutics*, 16(9), 2204–2214. <https://doi.org/10.1080/21645515.2020.1790279>
- Zakaria, P. (2017). Pengaruh Pendidikan Kesehatan Menggunakan Video Terhadap Kecemasan pada Pasien Pre Anestesi dengan Tindakan Spinal Anestesi di RS PKU Muh Kota Yogyakarta. *Jurusan Keperawatan Poltekkes Kemenkes Yogyakarta*.