

Abstrak

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH JEMBER  
PROGRAM STUDI ILMU KEPERAWATAN  
FAKULTAS ILMU KESEHATAN

Skripsi, Agustus 2022  
XVI + 91 Halaman + 1 Bagan + 21 Lampiran

Hubungan Persepsi Ibu Hamil Tentang Preeklamsia Dengan Tingkat Kepatuhan Kunjungan ANC (*Antenatal Care*) Di Puskesmas Kalisat Jember

### **Abstrak**

Latar Belakang : Preeklamsia adalah serangkaian gejala yang terjadi pada ibu hamil. Faktor yang mempengaruhi kepatuhan ibu dalam melakukan kunjungan *antenatal care* yaitu persepsi. Persepsi ibu hamil tentang kehamilan risiko tinggi diduga akan dapat mengubah kepatuhan ibu dalam melakukan ANC. Tujuan penelitian adalah menganalisis hubungan persepsi ibu hamil tentang Preeklamsia dengan tingkat kepatuhan kunjungan ANC (*Antenatal Care*) di Puskesmas Kalisat Jember. Metode: Desain ini menggunakan korelasional dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Teknik sampling yang digunakan adalah *Simple Random Sampling* dengan jumlah sampel 112 ibu hamil di Puskesmas Kalisat Jember. Analisis data menggunakan uji *Chi-square*. Hasil didapatkan p value 0,442. Simpulan: maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa H1 ditolak H0 diterima, yaitu berarti tidak terdapat hubungan antara persepsi ibu hamil tentang preeklamsia dengan tingkat kepatuhan kunjungan ANC (*Antenatal Care*) di Puskesmas Kalisat Jember.

**Kata Kunci:** Persepsi, Preeklamsia, Kepatuhan Kunjungan ANC (*Antenatal Care*)

Abstract

MUHAMMADIYAH UNIVERSITY JEMBER  
NURSING SCIENCE STUDY PROGRAM  
FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCE

Thesis, August 2022  
XVI + 91 Pages + 1 Chart + 21 Attachments

The Relationship between Pregnant Women's Perceptions of Preeclampsia and the Compliance Level of ANC (Antenatal Care) Visits at Kalisat Health Center Jember

Abstract

**Background:** Preeclampsia is a series of symptoms that occur in pregnant women. Factors that influence maternal compliance in conducting antenatal care visits are perceptions. The perception of pregnant women about high-risk pregnancies is thought to be able to change the mother's compliance in performing ANC. **The purpose:** of this study was to analyze the relationship between pregnant women's perceptions of preeclampsia with the level of adherence to ANC (Antenatal Care) visits at the Kalisat Public Health Center, Jember. **Methods:** This design uses a correlational cross sectional approach. The sampling technique used was Simple Random Sampling with a total sample of 112 pregnant women at the Kalisat Public Health Center, Jember. Data analysis using Chi-square test. **The results** obtained p value 0.442. **Conclusion:** it can be concluded that  $H_1$  is rejected,  $H_0$  is accepted, which means that there is no relationship between the perception of pregnant women about preeclampsia and the level of compliance with ANC (Antenatal Care) visits at the Kalisat Jember Health Center.

**Keywords:** Perception, Preeclampsia, Compliance Visit ANC (Antenatal Care)