

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Alifah, N. N. (2022, 22 September). Indonesia Jadi Negara dengan Fans K-Pop Terbanyak di Dunia. 26 Februari 2024, <https://goodstats.id/article/indonesia-masuk-peringkat-pertama-dengan-fans-k-pop-terbanyak-di-dunia-6w71d>
- 'Aliyah, S. M., Rahman, D. H., & Indreswari, H. (2023). Faktor-faktor yang Berkontribusi Terhadap Problematic Internet Use (PIU) Pada Siswa: Sebuah Systematic Literature Review. *GUIDENA: Jurnal Ilmu Pendidikan, Psikologi, Bimbingan Dan Konseling*, 13(3), 557. <https://doi.org/10.24127/gdn.v13i3.7754>
- apjii.co.id. (2024, 7 Februari). APJII Jumlah Pengguna Internet Indonesia Tembus 221 Juta Orang. Diakses 12 Maret 2024, [https://apjii.or.id/berita/d/apjii-jumlah-pengguna-internet-indonesia-tembus-221-juta-orang#:~:text=Asosiasi%20Penyelenggara%20Jasa%20Internet%20Indonesia%20\(APJII\)%20mengumumkan%20jumlah%20pengguna%20internet,jiwa%20penduduk%20Indonesia%20tahun%202023.](https://apjii.or.id/berita/d/apjii-jumlah-pengguna-internet-indonesia-tembus-221-juta-orang#:~:text=Asosiasi%20Penyelenggara%20Jasa%20Internet%20Indonesia%20(APJII)%20mengumumkan%20jumlah%20pengguna%20internet,jiwa%20penduduk%20Indonesia%20tahun%202023.)
- Agriyani, M. A., & Widyastuti, T. (2024). Adaptasi Skala Problematic Internet Use Questionnaire (PIUQ) Versi Indonesia. *Psikodimensia*, 22(2), 157–167. <https://doi.org/10.24167/psidim.v22i2.10117>
- Brand, M., Laier, C., & Young, K. S. (2014). Internet addiction: Coping styles, expectancies, and treatment implications. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 5(NOV), 1–14. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2014.01256>
- Brand, M., Young, K. S., Laier, C., Wölfling, K., & Potenza, M. N. (2016). Integrating psychological and neurobiological considerations regarding the development and maintenance of specific Internet-use disorders: An Interaction of Person-Affect-Cognition-Execution (I-PACE) model. *Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews*, 71, 252–266. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neubiorev.2016.08.033>
- Cahyani, D., & Purnamasari, Y. (2019). *Celebrity Worship on Early Adult K-Pop Fangirling*. 304(Acpch 2018), 167–170. <https://doi.org/10.2991/acpch-18.2019.41>
- Caplan, S. E. (2010). Theory and measurement of generalized problematic Internet use: A two-step approach. *Computers in Human Behavior*, 26(5), 1089–1097. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chb.2010.03.012>
- Choi, Y., Chu, K., & Choi, E. J. (2019). Social network services addiction in the workplace. *Journal of Asian Finance, Economics and Business*, 6(1), 249–259. <https://doi.org/10.13106/jafeb.2019.vol6.no1.249>
- Demetrovics, Z., Király, O., Koronczai, B., Griffiths, M. D., Nagyyörgy, K., Elekes, Z., Tamás, D., Kun, B., Kökönyei, G., & Urbán, R. (2016).

- Psychometric properties of the Problematic Internet Use Questionnaire Short-Form (PIUQ-SF-6) in a Nationally representative sample of adolescents. *PLoS ONE*, *11*(8). <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0159409>
- Demetrovics, Z., Szeredi, B., & Rózsa, S. (2008). The three-factor model of Internet addiction: The development of the Problematic Internet Use Questionnaire. *Behavior Research Methods*, *40*(2), 563–574. <https://doi.org/10.3758/BRM.40.2.563>
- Dinda Juwita Ratu Hapsari, & Indri Utami Sumaryanti. (2022). Hubungan Celebrity Worship dengan Problematic Social Media Use pada Penggemar BTS di Kota Bandung. *Bandung Conference Series: Psychology Science*, *2*(1). <https://doi.org/10.29313/bcsps.v2i1.523>
- Fernandes, B., Maia, B. R., & Pontes, H. M. (2019). Internet addiction or problematic internet use? Which term should be used? *Psicologia USP*, *30*, 1–8. <https://doi.org/10.1590/0103-6564E190020>
- Indah Asmarany, A., Nadaa Savira Syahlaa, dan, Psikologi, F., Gunadarma, U., & Raya No, J. (n.d.). *HUBUNGAN LONELINESS DAN PROBLEMATIC INTERNET USE REMAJA PENGGUNA SOSIAL MEDIA*.
- Jannah, M., Sari, N. Y., & Fitri, A. (2023). Hubungan Celebrity Worship Dengan Harga Diri Pada Komunitas Penggemar K-Pop. *Pinang Masak Nursing Journal*, *2*(2), 1–13. <https://mail.online-journal.unja.ac.id/jpima/article/view/30070>
- Király, O., & Demetrovics. (2021). Textbook of Addiction Treatment: International Perspectives. In *Textbook of Addiction Treatment: International Perspectives* (2nd ed.). Springer Cham. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-36391-8_67
- Kuss, D. J., & Griffiths, M. D. (2017). Social networking sites and addiction: Ten lessons learned. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, *14*(3). <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph14030311>
- Novita Efathania, V. (2019). *Hubungan Antara Big Five Personality Trait dengan Celebrity Worship pada Dewasa Muda Penggemar K-Pop di Sosial Media (Relationship between Big Five Personality Trait with Celebrity Worship among Early Adult K-Pop Fans in Social Media)*. *10*(1), 1–16.
- Putri, A. A., Aditya, A. M., & Saudi, A. N. A. (2024). Pengaruh Celebrity Worship Terhadap Problematic Internet Use Pada NCTzen Makassar. *Jurnal Psikologi Karakter*, *4*(1), 136–140. <https://doi.org/10.56326/jpk.v4i1.3534>
- Rohaya, S. (2019). Internet: Pengertian, Sejarah, Fasilitas dan koneksi. *Geopolitics and International Boundaries*, *2*(1), 1–16. <http://digilib.uin-suka.ac.id/362/1/>

- Sarah Asmaussolihat, & Eni Nuraeni Nugrahawati. (2022). Pengaruh Celebrity Worship terhadap Problematic Internet Use pada anggota NCTzen Indonesia. *Bandung Conference Series: Psychology Science*, 2(1), 328–336. <https://doi.org/10.29313/bcsps.v2i1.1074>
- Sulistiyawati, D. I. (2023). *Naskah publikasi gambaran kepribadian narsistik pengguna aplikasi tiktok di universitas muhammadiyah jember.*
- Wahjoe, Y., & Hamdan, S. R. (2023). Studi Deskriptif Mengenai Problematic Internet Use pada Mahasiswa di Kota Bandung. *Bandung Conference Series: Psychology Science*, 3(1), 275–281. <https://doi.org/10.29313/bcsps.v3i1.5298>
- Wayan, N., Ayu, R. S., & Astiti, D. P. (2020). Gambaran Celebrity Worship Pada Penggemar K-Pop. *Buletin Ilmiah Psikologi*, 1(3), 2720–8958. <https://doi.org/10.24014/pib.v%vi%i.9858>
- Zsila, Á., McCutcheon, L. E., & Demetrovics, Z. (2018). The association of celebrity worship with problematic Internet use, maladaptive daydreaming, and desire for fame. *Journal of Behavioral Addictions*, 7(3), 654–664. <https://doi.org/10.1556/2006.7.2018.76>