

Abstrak

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Hubungan Sikap, Norma dan Niat dengan Kesiapan Melakukan *Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation* berdasarkan *theory of planed behavior* pada Tagana Pusdalops Jember

xvii + 65 hal + 9 tabel + 4 Gambar + 8 lampiran

Abstrak

Cardiopulmonary resuscitation merupakan upaya cepat dan efektif namun sering tidak dilakukan untuk menolong korban henti jantung. Pemahaman mengenai predictor disposisional perilaku seperti sikap, norma dan niat individu merupakan upaya penting memahami kemauan *bystander* untuk melakukan *cardiopulmonary resuscitation*. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan sikap, norma dan niat dengan kesiapan melakukan *cardiopulmonary resuscitation* berdasarkan *theory of planed behavior* pada Tagana Pusdalops Jember. Design pada penelitian ini adalah korelasi dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Populasi penelitian adalah Tagana Pusdalops Jember dengan melibatkan sebanyak 65 partisipan. Partisipan dipilih menggunakan *quota sampling*. Pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner. Data dianalisis menggunakan uji *spearman Rho*. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan Tagana Pusdalops Jember sebagian besar memiliki sikap, norma dan niat pada kategori cukup (69,2%), ragu ragu dalam melakukan *cardiopulmonary resuscitation* (63,1%). Hasil analisis menunjukkan bahwa secara signifikan ada hubungan sikap, norma dan niat dengan kesiapan melakukan *cardiopulmonal resuscitation* ($p\text{-value} < 0,001$). Kesiapan dalam melaksanakan *cardiopulmonary resuscitation* pada Tagana Pusdalops Jember dapat ditingkatkan dengan strategi praktik meliputi pengembangan jaringan dukungan sosial tindakan penyelamatan dan memperkuat publisitas tentang pentingnya *cardiopulmonary resuscitation*

Kata kunci : Sikap, norma, niat, kesiapan, *cardiopulmonary resuscitation*, *theory of planed behavior*

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Abstract

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Relationship between Attitude, Norm and Intention with Readiness to Perform Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation based on the theory of planned behavior approach at Tagana Pusdalops Jember

xviii + 65 pages + 9 tables + 4 pictures + 8 attachments

Abstract

Cardiopulmonary resuscitation is a fast and effective effort but is often not done to help victims of cardiac arrest. Understanding dispositional predictors of behavior such as attitudes, norms and individual intentions is an important effort to understand bystander willingness to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. This study aims to determine the relationship between attitudes, norms and intentions with readiness to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation at Tagana Pusdalops Jember based on the theory of planned behavior approach. The design in this study is correlation with a cross-sectional approach. The population in this study was Tagana Pusdalops Jember involving 65 participants. Participants were selected using quota sampling. Data collection used a questionnaire. Data were analyzed using the Spearman Rho test. The results showed that Tagana Pusdalops Jember mostly had attitudes, norms and intentions in the sufficient category (69.2%) and were hesitant in performing cardiopulmonary resuscitation (63.1%). The results of the analysis showed that there was a significant relationship between attitudes, norms and intentions with readiness to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation (p -value: <0.001). Readiness in implementing cardiopulmonary resuscitation at Tagana Pusdalops Jember can be improved with practical strategies including developing a social support network for rescue actions and strengthening publicity about the importance of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

Key Words : Attitudes, norms, intentions, satisfaction, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, theory of planned behavior

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