

## Abstrak

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH JEMBER

PROGRAM STUDI SI KEPERAWATAN

FAKULTAS ILMU KESEHATAN

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Ninin Eko Wulandari

Pengaruh Persepsi Sosial Budaya Terhadap Kepatuhan Ibu Dalam Melaksanakan Imunisasi Lanjutan Pada Batita di Puskesmas Kasiyan Kabupaten Jember.

xii + 59 hal + 1 bagan + 15 tabel + 11 lampiran

## Abstrak

Imunisasi lanjutan merupakan suatu kegiatan imunisasi yang bertujuan untuk melengkapi imunisasi dasar. Penyebab rendahnya angka cakupan imunisasi lanjutan belum diketahui secara pasti. Penelitian ini menggunakan desain penelitian korelasional dengan pendekatan *cross sectional* yang bertujuan untuk mengidentifikasi pengaruh persepsi sosial budaya terhadap kepatuhan ibu. Populasi penelitian ini berjumlah 159 orang dan sample 114 orang. Tehnik sampling menggunakan *simple random sampling*. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan persepsi sosial budaya positif 36 orang (31,65%) dan persepsi sosial budaya negatif 78 orang (68,4%), sedangkan tingkat kepatuhan ibu yaitu patuh 34 orang (29,8%) dan tidak patuh 80 orang (70,2%). Hasil uji statistik dengan *rank spearman* menunjukkan *p* value 0,000 dan korelasi nilai *r* sebesar 0,960 artinya ada pengaruh sangat kuat persepsi sosial budaya terhadap kepatuhan ibu dalam melaksanakan imunisasi lanjutan pada batita di Puskesmas Kasiyan Kabupaten Jember. Rekomendasi penelitian ini tenaga kesehatan lebih meningkatkan penyuluhan kesehatan untuk merubah persepsi sosial budaya negatif tentang pelaksanakan imunisasi lanjutan.

Kata kunci : Persepsi sosial budaya, Kepatuhan ibu dalam melaksanakan imunisasi lanjutan

Daftar pustaka : 2010-2019

## Abstract

MUHAMMADIYAH JEMBER UNIVERSITY

S1 STUDY NURSING PROGRAM

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCE

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Ninin Eko Wulandari

The Influence of Socio-Cultural Perceptions on Maternal Compliance in Implementing Advanced Immunization for Toddlers at the Kasiyan Health Center, Jember Regency.

xii + 59 pages + 1 chart + 15 tables + 11 attachments

## Abstract

Advanced immunization is an immunization activity that aims to complement basic immunization. The cause of the low number of advanced immunization coverage is not yet known with certainty. This study used a correlational research design with approach *cross sectional* which aims to identify the socio-cultural influence on maternal compliance. The study population numbered 159 people and a sample of 114 people. The sampling technique uses simple random sampling. The results showed positive socio-cultural perceptions of 36 people (31.65%) and negative socio-cultural perceptions of 78 people (68.4%), while the level of maternal compliance was 34 people (29.8%) obedient and 80 people disobedient (70 , 2%). The results of the statistical test with the *rank spearman* showed  $p$  The value of 0.000 and the correlation value of  $r$  of 0.960 means that there is a very strong influence of socio-cultural perceptions on maternal compliance in implementing advanced immunization for toddlers at the Kasiyan Health Center, Jember Regency. The recommendation of this study is that health workers should further improve health education to change negative socio-cultural perceptions about implementing advanced immunization. The recommendations of this research are health workers to further improve health promotion of advanced immunization.

Key words: Perception of socio-culture, compliance of mothers in carrying out advanced immunization

Bibliography : 2010-2019