

Abstrak

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH JEMBER
PROGRAM STUDI S1 KEPERAWATAN
FAKULTAS ILMU KESEHATAN

Skripsi, April 2016

Dian Aprilliasari

HUBUNGAN PERSEPSI IBU TENTANG POSYANDU DENGAN PERAN SERTA IBU DALAM KEGIATAN POSYANDU BALITA DI DUSUN MANDIKU DESA SIDODADI, 2016.

xvi + 82 hal + 9 tabel + 1 bagan + 14 lampiran

Abstrak

Persepsi adalah proses kognitif yang dialami oleh setiap orang dalam memahami setiap informasi baik lewat penglihatan maupun pendengaran. Pengetahuan yang dimiliki seseorang akan kegiatan posyandu merupakan hal yang harus diperhatikan untuk meningkatkan peran serta ibu dalam kegiatan posyandu karena peran seorang ibu sangat penting dalam kelangsungan tumbuh kembang guna meningkatkan derajat kesehatan anak balitanya. Desain penelitian ini menggunakan *corelation* dengan pendekatan *cross sectional* yang bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan persepsi ibu dengan peran serta ibu dalam kegiatan posyandu balita. Populasi dalam penelitian ini sebanyak 148 responden, dengan sampel 108 responden yang diambil secara *proporsional random sampling*. Instrumen pada penelitian ini adalah kuesioner persepsi ibu tentang posyandu dan buku kehadiran kegiatan posyandu. Analisis data yang digunakan adalah uji statistik *spearman rho* $\alpha = 0,05$. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa dari 108 responden, ibu yang mempunyai persepsi baik tentang posyandu sebanyak 74,1%, sedangkan peran serta ibu dalam kegiatan posyandu balita dalam kategori aktif sebanyak 75,9%. Hasil uji statistik *spearman rho* didapatkan hasil $p = 0,000$, yang berarti ada hubungan antara persepsi ibu tentang posyandu dengan peran serta ibu dalam kegiatan posyandu balita. Persepsi merupakan rangsangan yang akan memungkinkan dan menimbulkan seseorang untuk ikut berperan serta dalam kegiatan posyandu. Rekomendasi dalam penelitian ini diharapkan agar setiap 1 bulan sekali diadakan kegiatan pendidikan kesehatan yang bertujuan untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan ibu-ibu dalam kegiatan posyandu.

Kata kunci: Persepsi ibu, Peran serta ibu, Posyandu

Daftar Pustaka: 22 (2006-2015)

Abstrak

UNIVERSITY OF MUHAMMADIYAH JEMBER

S1 STUDY NURSING PROGRAM

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCE

Skripsi, April 2016

Dian Aprilliasari

THE RELATION BETWEEN MOTHERS' PERCEPTION ABOUT "POSYANDU" AND MOTHERS' PARTICIPATION IN TODDLER "POSYANDU" ACTIVITIES AT MANDIKU, SIDODADI VILLAGE.

xvi + 82 pages + 9 tables + 1 chart + 14 appendixes

Abstract

Perception is a cognitive process experienced by everyone in understanding any information either by sight or hearing. Knowledge owned by someone about "Posyandu" is something that must be considered to improve mothers' participation in "Posyandu" activities. It happens because mothers' participation is important in the continuity of growth and development in order to improve the health status of their toddler. The used research design was correlation with cross sectional approach which aimed to determine the relationof mothers' perception as well as mothers' participation in the toddler"Posyandu" activities. The populations in this study were 148 respondents, with a sample of 108 respondents which were taken by using proportional random sampling. Instruments in this study were questionnaire about the mothers' perception about "Posyandu" and the attendance book of "Posyandu" activities. The used data analysis was Spearman rho statistical test with $\alpha = 0.05$. The results of this study showed that from 108 respondents, mothers who have a good perception about "Posyandu"are 74.1%, while the mothers' participation in toddler "Posyandu"activities in active category is 75.9%. The statistical test results of Spearman rho showed $p = 0.000$, which means that there is a relation between mothers' perception about "Posyandu" with mothers' participation in toddler"Posyandu" activities. Perception is a stimulus that will allow and cause someone to participate in the activities of "Posyandu". The recommendationof this study is expected to be held suchhealth education activities once in a month which aims to improvemothers' knowledge in "Posyandu" activities.

Keywords: mothers' perception, mothers' participation, and "Posyandu"

References: 22 (2006-2015)