

ABSTRAK

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Judul : “Partisipasi Masyarakat Desa Suci, Kecamatan Panti, Kabupaten Jember dalam Program Mitigasi Bencana.”

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis partisipasi masyarakat Desa Suci, Kecamatan Panti, Kabupaten Jember dalam program mitigasi bencana. Penelitian ini dilatarbelakangi oleh tingginya potensi bencana banjir yang terjadi pada musim hujan di Desa Suci sehingga diperlukan keterlibatan aktif masyarakat dalam upaya pengurangan risiko bencana. Partisipasi masyarakat menjadi salah satu faktor penting dalam keberhasilan program mitigasi bencana karena masyarakat merupakan pihak yang paling terdampak sekaligus memiliki peran strategis dalam meningkatkan kesiapsiagaan dan ketahanan wilayah terhadap ancaman bencana.

Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif dengan jenis penelitian deskriptif. Data dikumpulkan melalui wawancara, observasi, dan dokumentasi dengan teknik penentuan informan secara purposive sampling yang melibatkan pemerintah desa, pengurus Desa Tangguh Bencana (Destana), tokoh masyarakat, serta masyarakat Desa Suci. Analisis data dilakukan meliputi kondensasi data, penyajian data, dan penarikan kesimpulan. Analisis penelitian mengacu pada konsep partisipasi masyarakat dalam pembangunan dan pengurangan risiko bencana berbasis masyarakat.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa partisipasi masyarakat dalam program mitigasi bencana di Desa Suci telah terlaksana melalui keterlibatan warga dalam kegiatan sosialisasi, edukasi kebencanaan, simulasi penanggulangan bencana, pemetaan wilayah rawan bencana, serta penentuan jalur evakuasi. Keberadaan Destana berperan penting dalam mendorong keterlibatan masyarakat dan meningkatkan kesiapsiagaan menghadapi ancaman banjir. Selain itu, modal sosial masyarakat berupa gotong royong, solidaritas, serta dukungan tokoh masyarakat dan tokoh agama menjadi faktor pendukung keberhasilan program mitigasi bencana. Namun demikian, masih ditemukan kendala berupa ketergantungan sebagian masyarakat terhadap relawan serta perlunya edukasi dan sosialisasi yang dilakukan secara berkelanjutan untuk menjaga tingkat kesadaran dan kesiapsiagaan masyarakat. Oleh karena itu, penguatan kapasitas masyarakat dan peningkatan partisipasi aktif warga perlu terus dilakukan agar program mitigasi bencana dapat berjalan secara optimal dan berkelanjutan.

Kata kunci: Partisipasi Masyarakat, Mitigasi Bencana, Desa Tangguh Bencana (Destana), Kesiapsiagaan Masyarakat, Pengurangan Risiko Bencana.

ABSTRACT

This study aims to analyze community participation in disaster mitigation programs in Suci Village, Panti District, Jember Regency. The study is motivated by the high potential for flooding during the rainy season in Suci Village, which requires active community involvement in disaster risk reduction efforts. Community participation is considered one of the key factors in the success of disaster mitigation programs because local residents are not only the most affected group but also play a strategic role in enhancing preparedness and community resilience against disaster threats.

This study employed a qualitative approach with a descriptive research design. Data were collected through interviews, observations, and documentation using a purposive sampling technique. The informants included village government officials, members of the Disaster Resilient Village (Destana) management, community leaders, and residents of Suci Village. Data analysis was conducted through data condensation, data presentation, and conclusion drawing. The analysis was based on the concept of community participation in development and community-based disaster risk reduction.

The results indicate that community participation in disaster mitigation programs in Suci Village has been implemented through residents' involvement in socialization activities, disaster education, disaster response simulations, mapping of disaster-prone areas, and the determination of evacuation routes. The existence of the Disaster Resilient Village (Destana) program plays an important role in encouraging community involvement and improving preparedness for potential flood disasters. In addition, social capital in the form of mutual cooperation, solidarity, and support from community and religious leaders has become a significant supporting factor for the success of disaster mitigation programs. However, several challenges remain, including the dependency of some community members on volunteers and the need for continuous education and socialization efforts to maintain public awareness and preparedness. Therefore, strengthening community capacity and increasing active citizen participation are necessary to ensure that disaster mitigation programs can be implemented optimally and sustainably.

Keywords: *Community Participation, Disaster Mitigation, Disaster Resilient Village (Destana), Community Preparedness, Disaster Risk Reduction.*